STUDY MATERIALS: Catholic Modernsm

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Lesson 1: The Nature of Modernity I

Subjects

- The meaning of Modernity
- Its origins

Chief elements of Modernity

Suggested Readings

- Willson H. Coates, Hayden V. White, and J. Salwyn Shapiro, The Emergence of Liberal Humanism (two volumes)
- John U. Nef, Western Civilization since the Renaissance
- Jacques Maritain, Three Reformers
- John H. Randall, The Making of the Modern Mind

Suggestions for Review

- 1. How can modernity be defined? How does the modern mind differ from earlier ages?
- 2. When does modernity begin and what caused it? Justify your answer in terms of the particular criteria you identify as defining modernity.

Lesson 2: The Nature of Modernity II

Subjects

- Modernity as anti-religious
- The New Science
- Enlightenment
- French Revolution
- Revolutionary movements

- Owen Chadwick, The Secularization of the European Mind in the 19th Century
- Coates, et al., Emergence
- Paul Johnson, Modern Times

- _____, The Birth of the Modern
- Peter Gay, The Enlightenment, Vol. I
- Randall, Making
- Thomas P. Neill, Makers of the Modern Mind

- 1. Why did modernity develop in ways inimical to religion?
- 2. What is Modernism, understood in a secular social and cultural sense?
- 3. Discuss the cultural situation the 19th century, in which there was both a return to religion and an increasingly intense attack on religion.

Lesson 3: The Church and Modernity I

Subjects

- The Catholic (Counter) Reformation
- Assaults on the Church
- Enlightenment skepticism

- H. Outram Evennett, The Spirit of the Counter Reformation
- Marvin O'Connell, The Counter-Reformation
- Roger Aubert, The Church in a Secularized Society
- John McManners, The Church and the French Revolution
- R.R. Palmer, Catholics and Unbelievers 18th-Century France
- Henri Daniel-Rops, The Church in the 18th Century
- _____, The Church in an Age of Revolution

Jean Delumeau, Catholicism between Luther and Voltaire

Suggestions for Review

- 1. What impact did the Protestant Reformation have on the spiritual state of Europe? In what ways did it help usher in the modern world?
- 2. How did the Catholic Church respond to the Reformation?
- 3. Was the Scientific Revolution anti-religious?
- 4. How did the New Science permanently alter the intellectual outlook of the West?

Lesson 4: The Church and Modernity II

Subjects

- Liberalism
- Blessed Pius IX and modernity
- First Vatican Council
- Liberal Catholicism
- Leo XIII

- Aubert, Church in Secularized Society
- McManners, Church and French Revolution
- Palmer, Catholics and Unbelievers
- Warren Carroll, The Guillotine and the Cross
- Raymond Corrigan, The Church in the 19th Century
- E.E.Y. Hales, Pio Nono
- The Catholic Church in the Modern World

- Joseph Altholz, The Liberal Catholic Movement
- Bernard M.G. Reardon, Liberalism and Tradition: Aspects of Catholic Thought in 19th-Century France
- Hubert Jedin, The Church in the Modern Age
- Daniel-Rops, A Fight for God

- Why was the Enlightenment anti-religious?
- 2. How did the Church respond to the Enlightenment and the French Revolution?
- 3. What factors led to a religious revival in the 19th century, even as modernity became increasingly secular and anti-religious?
- 4. How did popes and other Catholic leaders in the 19th century respond to modernity?
- 5. What was "liberal Catholicism" in the 19th century?

Lesson 5: Alfred Loisy

Subjects

- New biblical criticism
- Historical consciousness
- Meaning of Tradition
- Religious experience

Suggested Readings

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Francesco Turvasi, The Condemnation of Alfred Loisy and the Historical Method

- Marvin O'Connell, Critics on Trial: an Introduction to the Modernist Crisis
- Gabriel Daly, Transcendence and Immanence, Studies in Catholic Modernism and Integralism
- Thomas Michael Loome, Liberal Catholicism, Reform Catholicism, Modernism
- Bernard M.G. Reardon, Roman Catholic Modernism
- John Ratte, Three Modernists
- Michele Ranchetti, The Catholic Modernists
- Alec Vidler, A Variety of Catholic Modernists
- Darrell Jodock, Catholicism contending with Modernity

- 1. What intellectual and personal factors caused Loisy to move away from Catholic orthodoxy?
- 2. What were his attitudes towards Protestantism?
- 3. What were his attitudes towards the traditions of the Catholic Church?
- 4. Compare and contrast his approach to doctrine with that of Cardinal John Henry Newman, especially in the latter's *Essay on the Development of Doctrine*.
- 5. To what extent was the thought of Loisy included in the condemnations of St. Pius X? (Found in Reardon, *Roman Catholic Modernism*, and other places).
- 6. What is meant by "historical consciousness" and how did it affect Loisy's thought?
- 7. What is meant by "religious experience" and how did it affect his thought?

Lesson 6: George Tyrrell

Subjects

Rejection of Thomism

- Religious experience
- Dogma as guide to practice
- Anti-papalism

Suggested Readings

- O'Connell, Critics
- Daly, Transcendence
- Loome, Liberal Catholicism
- Reardon, Catholic Modernism
- Ratte, Three Modernists
- Ranchetti, Modernists
- Vidler, Variety
- Tyrrell, Christianity at the Crossroads
- Nicholas Sagovsky, "On God's Side": The Life of George Tyrrell
- David G. Schultenover, George Tyrrell
- Maude Petre, Autobiography and Life of George Tyrrell
- Ellen Leonard, George Tyrrell and the Catholic Tradition
- Jodock, Catholicism

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- 7. What is meant by "religious experience" and how did it affect his thought?

Lesson 7: Baron Von Hugel

Subjects

- Biblical criticism
- Experience of transcendence
- Mysticism

- O'Connell, Critics
- Daly, Transcendence
- Loome, Liberal Catholicism
- Reardon, Catholic Modernism
- Ratte, Three Modernists
- Ranchetti, Catholic Modernists
- Vidler, Variety
- Friedrich von Hugel, The Mystical Element of Religion as Studied in St. Catherine of Genoa and Her Friends
- Joseph P. Whelan, The Spirituality of Baron Friedrich von Hugel
- Michael de la Bedoyere, The Life of Baron von Hugel
- John J. Heaney, The Modernist Crisis: von Hugel
- Lawrence F. Barmann, Baron Friedrich von Hugel and the Modernist Crisis

- 1. How did the new biblical criticism influence von Hugel?
- 2. Should he be called a Modernist in the full sense?

Lesson 8: Other Modernists

Subjects

Maurice Blondel

- "Action"
- Longing for God
- Religious experience
- Church as mystical community

Henri Bremond

- Friendship with Modernists
- History of spirituality
- Rejection of Thomism

Maude Petre

Friendship with Modernists

Biblical Studies

- Marie-Joseph Lagrange
- Ecole Biblique
- Providentissimus Deus

Suggested Readings

• O'Connell, Critics

- Daly, Transcendence
- Loome, Liberal Catholicism
- Reardon, Catholic Modernism
- Ratte, Three Modernists
- Ranchetti, Catholic Modernists
- Vidler, Variety
- Henri Bouillard, Blondel and Christianity
- Jean Lacroix, Maurice Blondel
- Henri Bremond, A Literary History of Religious Thought in France
- Henry Hogarth, Henri Bremond
- Clyde Crews, English Catholic Modernism: Maude Petre and the Way of Faith
- Ellen Leonard, Unresting Transformation: the Theology and Spirituality of Maude Petre
- James T. Burtchaell, Catholic Theories of Biblical Inspiration since 1810
- Jodock, Catholicism

- 1. How did the new biblical criticism influence the people called Modernists?
- 2. What role did Bremond play in the Modernist crisis?
- 3. In what ways did spirituality, especially mysticism, serve as a means of "transcending" some of the theological issues of the day?
- 4. What did Blondel mean by "action"? Was he a Modernist?
- 5. What role did Maude Petre play in the Modernist crisis?

Lesson 9: Americanism

Subjects

- American culture
- Americanism
- Papal warnings
- Liberal bishops
- Catholic University of America

Suggested Readings

- R. Scott Appleby, "Church and Age Unite": the Modernist Impulse in American Catholicism
- Thomas T. McAvoy, The Great Crisis in American Catholic History
- Robert D. Cross, The Emergence of Liberal Catholicism in America
- Gerald P. Fogarty, The Vatican and the Americanist Crisis

Suggestions for Review

- 1. What was the situation of Catholics in the United States at the end of the 19th century?
- 2. In what sense were some of the American bishops of the time "liberals"?
- 3. How did they think the Church ought to accommodate itself to the American situation?
- 4. How did Leo XIII view the situation?

Lesson 10: Modernism in America

Subjects

William Sullivan

- Gospel as morality
- Pragmatism
- Biblical criticism
- Americanism
- Unitarianism

New York Review

Center of new theology

John R. Slattery

- Racial justice
- Biblical criticism

Suggested Readings

- Appleby, "Church and Age"
- McAvoy, Great Crisis
- Cross, Emergence
- Ratte, Three Modernists
- Fogarty, Vatican
- _____, American Catholic Biblical Scholarship

- 1. Discuss the career of William Sullivan in the light of the Americanist movement.
- 2. How did the new biblical criticism influence scholars in the United States?
- 3. Was there a relationship between Americanism and Modernism?

Lesson 11: Condemnation

Subjects

- Condemnations by St. Pius X
- Anti-Modernist oath
- Enforcement
- Benedict XV

Suggested Readings

- O'Connell, Critics
- Daly, Transcendence
- Loome, Liberal Catholicism
- · Ranchetti, Catholic Modernists
- Vidler, Variety
- Schultenover, A View from Rome: On the Eve of the Modernist Crisis Marie C. Buehrle, Rafael Cardinal Merry del Val
- Lester Kurtz, The Politics of Heresy
- Gerald A. McCool, From Unity to Pluralism: The Internal Evolution of Thomism
- W. H. Peters, The Life of Benedict XV
- Anthony J. Mioni (ed.), The Popes against Modern Errors
- Jodock, Catholicism

- Delineate one of the following themes as expressed in St. Pius X's encyclicals condemning Modernism: denial of transcendence, materialism, perversion of spirituality, denial of authority, influence of modern culture.
- 2. What did St. Pius X mean in calling modernism the "summation of all heresies"?

3. Discuss the enforcement of the condemnation of Modernism.

Lesson 12: Aftermath

Subjects

- Catholic intellectual revival
- Did Modernism survive?
- Fallacies of Modernism

Suggested Readings

- Gerald A. McCool, From Unity to Pluralism: The Internal Evolution of Thomism
- Works of various 20th-century Catholic thinkers -- Maritain, Gilson, Dawson, DeLubac, Danielou, Balthasar, etc.

- 1. Discuss the claim that the condemnation of Modernism blighted the intellectual life of the Church for decades.
- 2. How did orthodox Catholic intellectuals come to terms with the issues raised by the Modernists?
- 3. In what ways did the Second Vatican Council come to terms with those issues?
- 4. Is present-day dissenting Catholic theology a direct descendent of Modernism?